

VENTSORB® PE FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Description

VENTSORB PE canisters, containing 180 pounds of activated carbon, are ideal for low-flow treatment applications. These economical adsorption systems control small volume organic contaminants and/or odorous gas emissions from:

- Storage tank vents
- Reactor vents
- API separator vents
- Sludge thickener tanks at waste treatment plants
- Chemical plant wastewater holding tanks
- Laboratory hood exhausts
- Landfills
- Air-stripper off-gases

The 55-gallon VENTSORB PE canister contains all the elements found in a full-scale adsorption system vessel: activated carbon, inlet connection and distributor, and an outlet connection for the purified air stream.

Features

VENTSORB PE canisters offer several important features and benefits including:

- Effective treatment to remove a variety of vapor phase organic contaminants and odor-causing compounds
- All plastic construction for reliable non-corrosive service
- Continuous treatment at varying flow rates and concentrations
- Simple installation and operation
- Flexibility to be installed in series or multiple units in parallel
- Supplied with activated carbon selected specifically for the application
- Practical disposal option: pre-approved spent carbon canisters may be returned to Calgon Carbon Corporation for safe carbon reactivation
- Low cost per unit makes carbon treatment economical

Activated Carbon Selection

The standard VENTSORB PE is provided with Calgon Carbon's bituminous coal-based AP4-60 4 mm pellet activated carbon. Calgon Carbon offers a wide variety of activated carbons for special applications that can be used in the VENTSORB PE. Contact Calgon Carbon for more information on other activated carbon products.

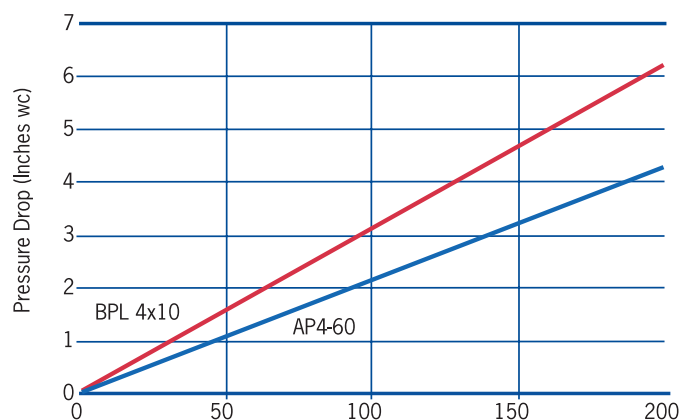
Typical Carbon Products Available

VPR	Reactivated Grade Vapor Phase Carbon
AP4-60	Virgin Grade Vapor Phase Carbon—4 mm Pellet
BPL	4X10 Virgin Grade Vapor Phase Carbon—Granular 4X10 Mesh

Materials of Construction

Canister	Open top 55 gallon plastic drum 125 mil thick (min) HMW-high density polyethylene
Cover	175 mil thick HMW-HDPE with closure and polyurethane gasket
Inlet/Outlet Fittings	4" diameter FNPT polyethylene coupling
Internal Distributor	High density polyethylene
Inlet/Outlet Shipping Plugs	PVC, threaded
Weight Empty	24 lbs.
Carbon Load	180 lbs.
Operating Temperature	120° F (max)
Operating Pressure	1.0 PSIG (max)

Pressure Drop



Pressure drop through a VENTSORB PE unit is a function of the process air flow as shown in the graph. A VENTSORB PE canister can handle up to 200 cfm at a pressure drop of less than 6 inches of water column. If a higher flow or lower pressure drop is needed, multiple canisters may be installed in parallel operation.

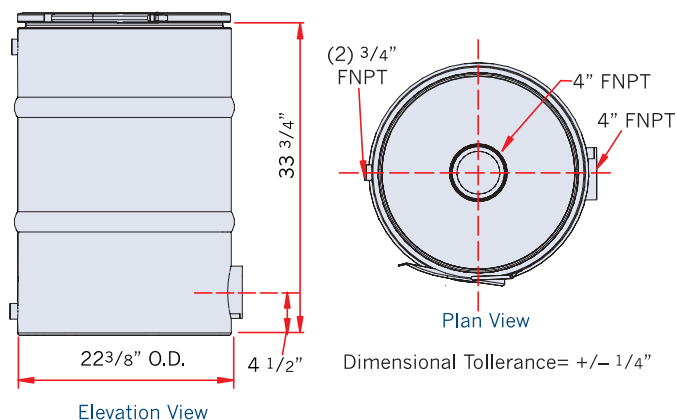
Safety Message

Wet activated carbon can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces. If use in an enclosed space is required, procedures for work in an oxygen deficient environment should be followed.

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Drum Dimensions



Installation

VENTSORB PE canisters are shipped ready for installation. Each canister is self-supporting and should be placed on a level, accessible area as near as possible to the emission source. Installation is simple, requiring just a flexible hose or pipe to connect the source to the 4 " FNPT bottom inlet of the canister.

If the VENTSORB PE will be vented directly to outside air; a U-shaped outlet pipe or rain hat (such as a pipe tee) is recommended to prevent precipitation from entering the unit.

VENTSORB PE canisters operate from a continuous flow across the carbon. The flow can be produced by a blower or by using the positive pressure inside the tank or process vessel. In many cases, the pressure or surge of pressure within the tank or vessel is sufficient to overcome the pressure drop across the canister, thus eliminating the need for a blower. Please consult the pressure drop data in this bulletin for more information.

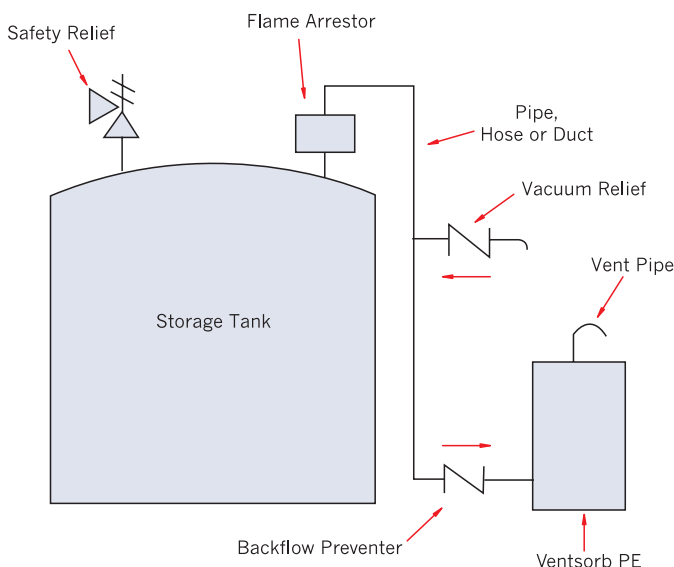
Maximum recommended air flow through a VENTSORB PE is 200 cfm. If higher flows are encountered, plant operators should install two or more canisters in parallel configuration. When VENTSORB PE canisters are used to control vapors from organic solvent storage tanks, (see drawing of typical installation) the following precautions are recommended:

Storage Tank Installation

- A safety relief valve must be provided. This protects the storage tank should the VENTSORB PE become plugged or blocked in any fashion. Such a vent would open in an emergency situation, thereby relieving pressure.
- Under appropriate conditions, a flame arrestor and/or backflow preventor must be installed as shown in the storage tank installation drawing below. This prevents backflow of air through the VENTSORB PE when the storage tank is empty.
- Pre-wetting the carbon helps dissipate excessive heat that may be caused by high organic compound concentrations (>0.5 to 1.0 Vol.%).

If VENTSORB PE canisters are used to control organic emissions from air-strippers or other high moisture content air streams, Calgon Carbon Corporation recommends that humidity in the air stream be reduced to under 50 percent. Lower humidity optimizes adsorptive capacity of the carbon. In addition, for similar applications that generate a condensate, Calgon Carbon Corporation recommends installation of a drain on the inlet piping.

Typical Installation at a Storage Tank



Carbon Life Estimate

The table below lists the theoretical adsorption capacities for several compounds. The adsorption capacity for non-polar organics increases with the boiling point, molecular weight, and concentration of the air contaminant. Estimate the life of a VENTSORB PE canister for other organic compounds by matching them with compounds of similar boiling points and molecular weight in this table. Low molecular weight (less than 50) and/or highly polar compounds such as formaldehyde, methane, ethanol, etc. will not be readily adsorbed at low concentrations.

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Theoretical VENTSORB PE Capacities*

Pounds Adsorbed per VENTSORB PE at Given Concentration of Contaminant**

	Approximate Boiling Point (°C)	Molecular Weight	Lbs. @ 10 ppm	Lbs. @ 100 ppm	Lbs. @ 1,000 ppm
Acrylonitrile	77.3	53.1	8	15	26
Benzene	80.1	78.1	14	22	34
n-Butane	-0.5	58.1	7	10	16
Carbon Tetrachloride	76.8	153.8	45	60	78
Dichloroethylene -1,1	31.7	97.0	16	25	38
Methylene Chloride	40.2	84.9	4	9	19
Freon 114	3.8	170.9	16	26	40
n-Hexane	68.7	86.2	21	27	34
Styrene	145.2	104.1	47	56	65
Toluene	110.6	92.1	35	43	51
Trichloroethylene	87.2	131.4	32	47	67

*Theoretical capacity based on 70° F, 1 atm pressure, less than 50 percent humidity, and 180 pounds of carbon using isotherm data for AP4-60 carbon.

**This information has been generated using Calgon Carbon's proprietary predictive model. There is no expressed or implied warranty regarding the suitability or applicability of results.

Return of VENTSORB PE

Arrangements should be made at the time of purchase to return canisters containing spent carbon. Calgon Carbon Corporation can provide instructions on how to sample the spent carbon and arrange for carbon acceptance testing. The spent carbon is reactivated by Calgon Carbon Corporation and all of the contaminants are thermally destroyed. Calgon Carbon Corporation will not accept VENTSORB PE for landfill, incineration, or other means of disposal.

VENTSORB PE cannot be returned to the company unless the carbon acceptance procedure has been completed, an acceptance number provided, and the return labels (included with the unit at the time of purchase) are attached. VENTSORB® PE must be drained and inlet/outlet connections must be plugged prior to returning the unit to Calgon Carbon Corporation.

Other Air Purification Systems

VENTSORB PE is specifically designed for a variety of small applications. Calgon Carbon Corporation offers a wide range of carbon adsorption systems and services for a range of flow rates and carbon usages to meet specific applications.

Safety Considerations

Continuous process temperatures above 120° F are to be avoided. High concentrations of Hydrogen Sulfide and VOC's could cause excessive heat build-up. Care must be exercised in the design of the treatment system for flammable gases or reactive vapors.

The use of a pressure safety relief, flame arrestor and/or backflow device is recommended for installations venting storage tanks. VENTSORB PE units with Centaur HSV carbon that are washed with

water produce a dilute acid that must be handled appropriately. Slight pressure may accumulate in a sealed VENTSORB PE canister due to extreme changes in ambient temperature conditions. Use care when removing the plastic shipping plugs.

Activated carbon may cause an exothermic reaction in the presence of oxygen bearing compounds, such as peroxides, ketones, organic acids, aldehydes and also organic sulphur compounds. The introduction of flammable compounds into the unit while an exothermic reaction is occurring will ignite the gas stream causing fire and explosion. Flooding the unit with water will extinguish the flames but generate steam and pressure. USE CAUTION!

Heat of adsorption can lead to severe temperature excursions at high concentrations of organic compounds. Heating may be controlled by diluting the inlet air, time weighting the inlet concentration to allow heat to dissipate, or pre-wetting the carbon.

If you are unsure of the reaction of an organic compound on activated carbon or have other questions, please contact a Calgon Carbon Corporation Application Engineer or Sales Representative.

Safe Handling and Storage of Wet Carbon

Wet activated carbon preferentially removes oxygen from air. In closed or partially closed containers and vessels, oxygen depletion may reach hazardous levels. If workers are to enter a vessel containing carbon, appropriate sampling and work procedures for potentially low oxygen spaces should be followed, including all applicable federal and state requirements.

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